BudgetWatch February 2023

Summary of January Results

_	Month o	of January 20	23 (\$ in mill	lions)
_		Adopted		
	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>	Diff	% Diff
Operating Revenue 1	\$604.3	\$580.0	\$24.3	4.2%
Operating Expenses	\$1,258.8	\$1,299.8	\$41.0	3.2%
Debt Service	\$272.1	\$270.5	(\$1.6)	-0.6%
Operating Subsidies ²	\$217.8	\$221.7	(\$3.8)	-1.7%
Surplus/(Deficit)	(\$708.8)	(\$768.6)	\$59.9	7.8%

Overall Latest Condition (January operations and February subsidies compared with Budget):

Net preliminary operating results for the month of January were unfavorable to the Adopted Budget by \$74 million (4%).

Operating revenue in January was \$24 million (4%) favorable, comprised of higher passenger revenue of \$2 million (1%), toll revenue of \$12M (7%) and other operating revenue of \$11 million (18%).

Operating expenses in January were \$41 million (3%) favorable reflecting lower labor expenses of \$28 million (3%) and non-labor expenses of \$13 million (4%). Overtime spending, which is included in labor expenses, was \$3 million (4%) unfavorable primarily due to vacancy/absentee coverage at NYCT and MNR. Debt service in January was unfavorable by \$2 million (1%) primarily due to timing and higher than forecasted variable rates.

Overall <u>February year-to-date</u> cash subsidy receipts dedicated for operating purposes were \$57.4 million (10%) unfavorable, primarily reflecting results for the Payroll Mobility Tax, unfavorable by \$18 million (8%), and the real estate transaction taxes, unfavorable by \$40 million (21%).

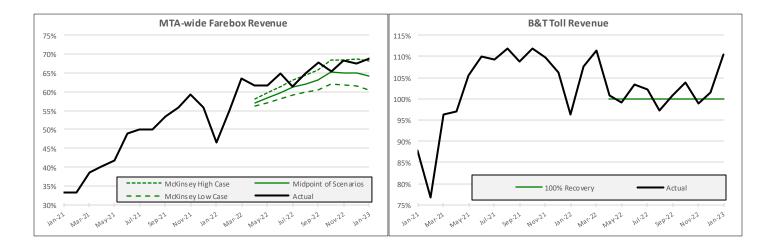
Passenger and Toll Revenues

	Month	of January 20	23 (\$ in mill	ions)
		Adopted		
	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	Diff	% Diff
NYCT:				
Subway	\$199.6	\$198.5	\$1.1	0.6%
Bus	50.2	53.5	(3.3)	-6.2%
Other	3.6	3.8	(0.2)	-5.3%
NYCT	\$253.4	\$255.8	(\$2.4)	-0.9%
SIR	\$0.3	\$0.4	(0.1)	-31.4%
MTA Bus	13.3	13.9	(0.6)	-4.3%
LIRR	40.5	39.4	1.1	2.8%
MNR	41.2	37.4	3.8	10.2%
Sub-total	\$348.7	\$346.9	\$1.8	0.5%
B&T	<u>184.6</u>	<u>172.9</u>	<u>11.7</u>	6.8%
Total	\$533.3	\$519.8	\$13.5	2.6%

Passenger revenues for the month were better than budget primarily due to higher average fare per passenger, with ridership tracking close to projections (less than one-tenth of one percent below forecast). **Toll revenues** for the month were favorable to the budget, reflecting higher than forecasted traffic volume (10% above forecast).

¹ Includes Farebox Revenue, Toll Revenue and Other Operating Revenue.

Operating Subsidies are for <u>January 2023</u>, while subsidy results provided later in this report are for <u>February 2023</u>. Does not include State and Local Operating Assistance, Station Maintenance, City Subsidies for MTA Bus and Staten Island Railway, CDOT Subsidy for Metro-North Railroad, and Other Subsidy Adjustments.



The 2023 Adopted Budget Forecast is based on the midpoint between the "high case" and "low case" scenarios prepared by McKinsey & Co. this past spring. While exceeding the McKinsey projections, passenger revenues remain significantly below pre-pandemic levels: January passenger revenues were \$137 million (28%) below January 2019. Toll revenue, when adjusted to account for the 2021 toll increase, is higher by \$22 million (14%).

Total Operating Expenses before Non-Cash Liability Adjustments

	Month o	of January 20	23 (\$ in milli	ons)
		Adopted		
	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	Diff	% Diff
NYCT	\$794.5	\$797.0	\$2.5	0.3%
SIR	\$5.3	\$6.2	1.0	15.3%
MTA Bus	68.0	82.6	14.6	17.7%
LIRR	149.3	161.7	12.4	7.7%
MNR	122.3	124.9	2.6	2.1%
GCMCOC	7.7	7.4	(0.3)	-4.1%
B&T	33.8	39.6	5.8	14.5%
MTA HQ	79.7	76.0	(3.6)	-4.8%
MTA C&D	0.4	0.3	(0.1)	-31.2%
FMTAC	(2.0)	4.0	6.0	151.0%
Total	\$1,259.0	\$1,29 9.7	\$40.8	3.1%

Preliminary expenses for January were favorable by \$41 million (3%). In addition to favorable results stemming from vacancies at the operating agencies and MTA HQ, favorable results reflect lower credit card processing fees and lower professional service contracts at B&T; and lower other fringe benefits and pension budgeted rates at MNR; and lower energy consumption at NYCT. Higher fees and higher MTA PD overtime vacancy coverage at MTA HQ partially offset those favorable results. Variances also reflect favorable due to expense timing: at MTA Bus, the timing of general maintenance material usage, professional services (including the roll-out of bus technologies), and claims expenses; at the LIRR, the timing of project activity; at FMTAC, the timing of insurance policy renewals and the recording of claims expenses; at B&T, the timing of non-labor expenses; at MNR, the timing of maintenance operating contracts and professional services; and at MTA HQ, the timing of expenses for the Rockaway bridges resident toll rebate program and the timing related pension amortization. These were partially offset by unfavorable timing impacts at NYCT in various non-labor expense categories.

Overtime

	Month	of January 2	2023 (\$ in mi	llions)
		Adopted		
	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	<u>Diff</u>	% Diff
NYCT	\$46.5	\$43.8	(\$2.7)	-6.2%
SIR	0.3	\$0.4	0.1	18.8%
MTA Bus	6.3	8.8	2.5	28.0%
LIRR	14.0	14.0	(0.1)	-0.4%
MNR	9.2	7.0	(2.2)	-30.7%
B&T	2.2	1.9	(0.2)	-10.5%
MTA HQ	2.2	1.6	(0.6)	-37.3%
MTA C&D	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%
FMTAC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%
Total	\$80.7	\$7 7.5	(\$3.2)	-4.1%

Overtime expense overruns at NYCT and MNR were primarily due to higher costs for vacancies and absentee coverages. MTA HQ was unfavorable mainly due to increased MTA PD vacancy/absentee coverage, partially offset by lower security needs requiring overtime. Partially offsetting these unfavorable results were favorable variances at the MTA Bus due to lower maintenance, sanitizing and unscheduled service requirements.

Debt Service

Debt Service for January was \$272 million, which was \$2 million (1%) unfavorable due to timing of debt issuance and debt service deposits, as well as higher than budgeted variable rates.

State Dedicated Taxes and Fees

	YTD F	ebruary 2023	(\$ in millior	ns)	Month o	of February 2	023 (\$ in mi	llions)
		Adopted				Adopted		
	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	Diff	% Diff	Actual	Budget	Diff	% Diff
MMTOA	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	0.0%	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	0.0%
PBT	105.7	100.8	4.9	4.8%	43.8	41.3	2.5	6.1%
PMT ³	221.0	239.2	(18.2)	-7.6%	188.3	204.5	(16.3)	-7.9%
MTA Aid 4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%
FHV ⁵	59.5	63.1	(3.6)	-5.7%	29.8	31.6	(1.7)	-5.5%
Total	\$3 <mark>86.2</mark>	\$403.2	(\$16.9)	-4.2%	\$2 6 1.9	\$2 77.4	(\$15.5)	-5.6%

The first MMTOA payment for the year is expected in May and MTA Aid receipts, which are transferred quarterly, are scheduled for initial receipt in March.

Real Estate Transaction Taxes

	YTD	February 202	23 (\$ in milli	ons)	Month	of February 2	2023 (\$ in m	illions)
		Adopted				Adopted		
	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	Diff	% Diff	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	Diff	% Diff
MRT	\$70.3	\$105.5	(\$35.2)	-33.4%	\$33.0	\$52.7	(\$19.7)	-37.4%
NYC Urban Tax	78.1	83.3	(5.2)	<u>-6.3%</u>	<u>31.3</u>	41.7	(10.4)	-25.0%
Total	\$1 48.4	\$1 <mark>88.8</mark>	(\$40.4)	-21.4%	\$64.3	\$94.4	(\$30.1)	-31.9%

³ PMT replacement funds of \$244.3 million are excluded from the results reported in this table.

⁴ MTA Aid includes the License Fee, Vehicle Registration Fee, Taxi Fee and Automobile Rental Fee.

⁵ For-Hire Vehicle Surcharge.

Regional Mortgage Recording Tax⁶ receipts for February were \$19.7 million, or 37.4%, unfavorable; MRT-1 was unfavorable by \$10.7 million (32.1%), and MRT-2 receipts were unfavorable by \$9.0 million (46.4%). YTD MRT receipts were unfavorable by \$35.2 million (33.4%), with MRT-1 receipts \$17.5 million (26.3%) unfavorable and MRT-2 receipts \$17.7 million (45.6%) unfavorable.

New York City Urban Tax⁷ receipts for February were \$10.4 million, or 25.0%, unfavorable, and YTD receipts were \$5.2 million (6.3%) unfavorable. For February, the Real Property Transfer Tax (RPTT) portion of the Urban Tax was unfavorable by \$13.7 million, or 51.8%, while the MRT portion of the Urban Tax was \$3.3 million or 21.4% favorable. YTD, RPTT receipts were \$20.0 million (37.9%) unfavorable, while the MRT portion of the Urban Tax was \$14.8 million (48.4%) favorable.

Capital Lockbox Funding Sources

	YTDI	February 2023	3 (\$ in millio	ns)	Month o	of February 20	23 (\$ in mil	lions)
_		Adopted				Adopted		
	Actual	Budget	Diff	% Diff	Actual	Budget	Diff	% Diff
Mansion Tax (thru September) 8	\$50.9	\$51.9	(\$1.0)	-1.9%	\$24.1	\$26.0	(\$1.9)	-7.3%
Internet Sales Tax - NYS 9	25.5	25.5	0.0	0.0%	12.8	12.8	0.0	0.0%
Internet Sales Tax - NYC 9	28.9	28.9	0.0	0.0%	14.5	14.5	0.0	0.0%
Total	\$1 05.3	\$1 06.4	(\$ 1.0)	-0.9%	\$ 5 1.3	\$53.2	(\$ 1.9)	<u>0.0%</u> -3.6%

Funds received from the Mansion Tax and the Internet Sales Tax are deposited into the Capital Lockbox and are only available for capital purposes.

⁶ Mortgage Recording Taxes consist of two separate taxes on mortgages recorded in the twelve-county region: MRT-1 is a tax on all mortgages, while MRT-2 is also imposed on residential real estate structures containing up to six dwelling units.

⁷ New York City Urban Taxes are imposed on commercial property and apartment building transactions within New York City. The MRT component is imposed on mortgages exceeding \$500,000, and the Real Property Transfer Tax component is imposed on transfers exceeding \$500,000.

⁸ The Real Property Transfer Tax Surcharge (the "Mansion Tax") is a supplemental transfer tax, on the sale of residential properties valued at \$2 million or more in New York City; the supplemental tax rate increases as the property valuation increases.

⁹ Internet Marketplace Sales Tax receipts are captured through the elimination of the tax loophole that previously exempted third-party internet marketplace providers from collecting and remitting applicable New York State and New York City sales taxes on transactions conducted on their sites.

Real Estate Transaction Taxes Receipts (\$ in millions) Adopted Budget vs. Actual Receipts

2023 Adopted Budget	2023 \$400.3	<u>Jan-23</u> \$33.4	Feb-23	Mar-23 \$33.4	Apr-23 \$33.4	May-23 \$33.4	Jun-23 \$33.4	Jul-23 \$33.4	Aug-23 \$33.4	Sep-23 \$33.4	Oct-23 \$33.4	Nov-23 \$33.4	Dec-23 \$33.4	YTD Feb \$66.7
MRT-2 Total MRT	232.7 \$633.0	\$52.7	\$52.7	\$52.7	\$52.7	19.4 \$52.7	\$52.7	19.4 \$52.7	\$52.7	19.4 \$52.7	\$52.7	\$52.7	\$52.7	38.8 \$105.5
RPTT MRT Total Urban Tax - <i>NYCT 90% share</i>	\$316.7 183.4 \$500.1	\$26.4 <u>15.3</u> \$41.7	\$26.4 <u>15.3</u> \$41.7	\$26.4 <u>15.3</u> \$41.7	\$26.4 15.3 \$41.7	\$26.4 <u>15.3</u> \$41.7	\$26.4 15.3 \$41.7	\$26.4 15.3 \$41.7	\$26.4 15.3 \$41.7	\$26.4 15.3 \$41.7	\$26.4 15.3 \$41.7	\$26.4 <u>15.3</u> \$41.7	\$26.4 15.3 \$41.7	\$52.8 30.6 \$83.3
Total Real Estate Taxes	\$1,133.0	\$94.4	\$94.4	\$94.4	\$94.4	\$94.4	\$94.4	\$94.4	\$94.4	\$94.4	\$94.4	\$94.4	\$94.4	\$188.8
2023 Monthly Actuals MRT-1 MRT-2 Total MRT		\$26.6 \$10.7 \$37.3	Feb-23 \$22.6 <u>10.4</u> \$33.0	<u>Mar-23</u>	<u>Apr-23</u>	<u>May-23</u>	<u>Jun-23</u>	<u>Jul-23</u>	Aug-23	Sep-23	<u>Oct-23</u>	Nov-23	Dec-23	YTD Feb \$49.2 21.1 \$70.3
RPTT MRT Total Urban Tax - <i>NYCT 90% share</i>		\$20.1 <u>26.8</u> \$46.8	\$12.7 <u>18.5</u> \$31.3											\$32.8 45.3 \$78.1
Total Real Estate Taxes		\$84.1	\$64.3											\$148.4
Variances MRT-1 MRT-2 Total MRT		(\$6.8) (\$15.5)	Feb-23 (\$10.7) (9.0) (\$19.7)	<u>Mar-23</u>	<u>Apr-23</u>	<u>May-23</u>	<u>Jun-23</u>	<u>Jul-23</u>	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	YTD Feb (\$17.5) (17.7) (\$35.2)
RPTT MRT Total Urban Tax - <i>NYCT 90% share</i>		(\$6.3) 11.5 \$5.2	(\$13.7) 3.3 (\$10.4)											(\$20.0) 14.8 (\$5.2)
Total Real Estate Taxes		(\$10.3)	(\$30.1)											(\$40.4)
MRT-1 MRT-2 Total MRT		-20.4% -44.8% -29.4%	-32.1% -46.4% -37.4%											-26.3% -45.6% -33.4%
RPTT MRT Total Urban Tax - <i>NYCT 90% share</i>		-24.0% 75.4% 12.4%	-51.8% 21.4% -25.0%											-37.9% 48.4% -6.3%
Total Real Estate Taxes		-10.9%	-31.9%											-21.4%

Real Estate Transaction Taxes Receipts (\$ in millions) 2023 Receipts vs. 2022 Receipts

2022 Monthly Actuals MRT-1 MRT-2 Total MRT	2022 Act \$438.7 209.2 \$648.0	\$41.1 \$60.9	\$53.1 \$21.6 \$74.7	Mar-22 \$34.5 19.2 \$53.7	Apr-22 \$44.3 21.7 \$66.0	May-22 \$34.7 18.4 \$53.1	\$35.6 \$52.9 \$52.9	\$42.6 19.7 \$62.3	Aug-22 \$37.2 <u>18.0</u> \$55.2	\$39.4 \$39.4 \$58.6	Oct-22 \$27.7 11.6 \$39.3	\$23.4 \$11.5 \$34.9	\$25.0 \$35.0 \$36.2	\$94.3 \$135.6 \$135.6
RPTT MRT Total Urban Tax - <i>NYCT 90% shar</i> e	\$472.5 <u>257.0</u> \$729.5	\$96.1 <u>23.6</u> \$119.6	\$47.2 40.0 \$87.2	\$44.7 14.2 \$58.9	\$49.1 24.5 \$73.6	\$26.6 17.4 \$44.0	\$36.7 <u>19.4</u> \$56.1	\$47.8 23.3 \$71.1	\$36.5 <u>21.5</u> \$58.0	\$22.9 <u>22.2</u> \$45.1	\$27.3 19.5 \$46.8	\$22.4 12.8 \$35.2	\$15.4 18.5 \$33.9	\$143.3 <u>63.5</u> \$206.8
Total Real Estate Taxes	\$1,377.4	\$180.5	\$162.0	\$112.6	\$139.5	\$97.2	\$109.0	\$133.4	\$113.2	\$103.7	\$86.1	\$70.1	\$70.1	\$342.5
2023 Monthly Actuals MRT-1 MRT-2 Total MRT		\$26.6 \$10.7 \$37.3	\$22.6 \$22.6 \$33.0	<u>Mar-23</u>	<u>Apr-23</u>	<u>Мау-23</u>	<u>Jun-23</u>	<u>Jul-23</u>	Aug-23	Sep-23	<u>0ct-23</u>	Nov-23	Dec-23	YTD Feb \$49.2 21.1 \$70.3
RPTT MRT Total Urban Tax - <i>NYCT 90% shar</i> e		\$20.1 <u>26.8</u> \$46.8	\$12.7 <u>18.5</u> \$31.3											\$32.8 45.3 \$78.1
Total Real Estate Taxes		\$84.1	\$64.3											\$148.4
Variances MRT-1 MRT-2 Total MRT		(\$14.6) (9.1) (\$23.6)	(\$30.5) (11.2) (\$41.7)	Mar	Apr	Мау	un	키	Aug	Sep	öl Ö	NON	Dec	YTD Feb (\$45.1) (20.3) (\$65.3)
RPTT MRT Total Urban Tax - <i>NYCT 90% shar</i> e		(\$76.0) 3.2 (\$72.8)	(\$34.5) (21.4) (\$56.0)											(\$110.5) (18.2) (\$128.7)
Total Real Estate Taxes		(\$96.4)	(\$97.7)											(\$194.1)
MRT-1 MRT-2 Total MRT		-35.4% -45.9% -38.8%	-57.4% -51.8% -55.8%											47.8% 49.0% 48.2%
RPTT MRT Total Urban Tax - <i>NYCT 90% shar</i> e		-79.1% 13.7% -60.8%	-73.1% -53.6% -64.2%											-77.1% -28.6% -62.2%
Total Real Estate Taxes		-53.4%	-60.3%											-56.7%

Regional Economy Report

New York City Employment

Year-over-Year Changes:

Increases

- · Construction, Mining, Natural Resources
- · Education & Health Services
- · Financial Activities
- · Government
- · Information
- · Leisure & Hospitality
- · Manufacturing
- · Other Service
- · Professional & Business Services
- ·Trade
- · Transportation, Utilities

Decreases

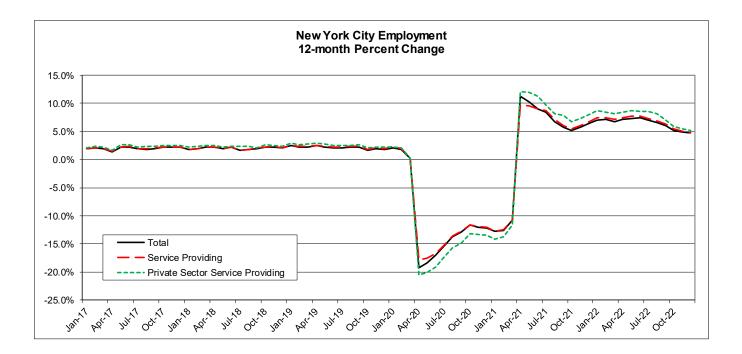
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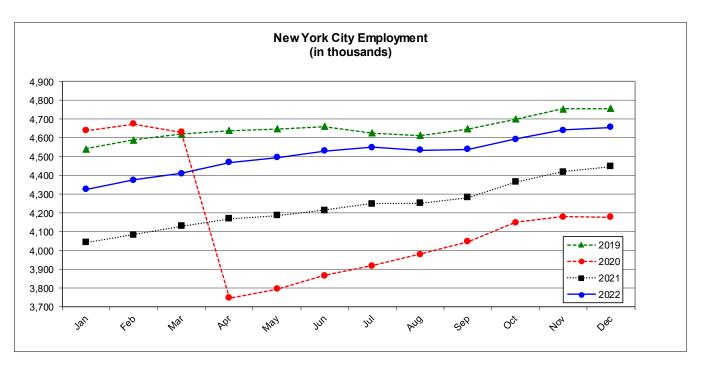
New York City Employment (in the	ousands)				Dec-22	versus	
	Prelim	Revised		Nov	-22	Dec-	21
	Dec-22	Nov-22	Dec-21	Net	Pct	Net	Pct
Total Employment	4,658.1	4,640.9	4,448.8	17.2	0.4%	209.3	4.7%
Goods Producing	202.3	203.4	195.6	(1.1)	-0.5%	6.7	3.4%
Construction, Mining, Nat Res	143.1	144.0	138.9	(0.9)	-0.6%	4.2	3.0%
Manufacturing	59.2	59.4	56.7	(0.2)	-0.3%	2.5	4.4%
Service Providing	4,455.8	4,437.5	4,253.2	18.3	0.4%	202.6	4.8%
Transportation, Utilities	157.4	152.8	154.6	4.6	3.0%	2.8	1.8%
Trade	445.2	441.7	442.7	3.5	0.8%	2.5	0.6%
Information	243.0	246.0	233.7	(3.0)	-1.2%	9.3	4.0%
Financial Activities	479.6	477.9	468.8	1.7	0.4%	10.8	2.3%
Professional & Business Svcs	808.3	803.7	765.5	4.6	0.6%	42.8	5.6%
Education & Health Svcs	1,136.2	1,125.2	1,072.9	11.0	1.0%	63.3	5.9%
Leisure & Hospitality	410.5	409.9	362.6	0.6	0.1%	47.9	13.2%
Other Services	185.0	183.8	171.9	1.2	0.7%	13.1	7.6%
Government	590.6	596.5	580.5	(5.9)	-1.0%	10.1	1.7%

Preliminary December 2022 employment in New York City marks the 210st consecutive month of employment recovery, compared with one year earlier, since the COVID pandemic began, with an increase of 209,300 jobs (4.7%) when compared to last December's employment level. Increases occurred in all sectors. Sectors experiencing the greatest increases were Education & Health Services, up 63,300 jobs (5.9%), Leisure & Hospitality, up 47,900 jobs (13.2%), and Professional & Business Services, up 42,800 jobs (5.6%). December, however, remains below pre-pandemic employment, down 98,600 jobs (2.1%) when compared with December 2019.

Employment in New York City's service-providing sectors increased by 202,600 jobs (4.8%) over the December 2021 level, and service-providing employment excluding the Government sector increased by 192,500 jobs (5.2%).

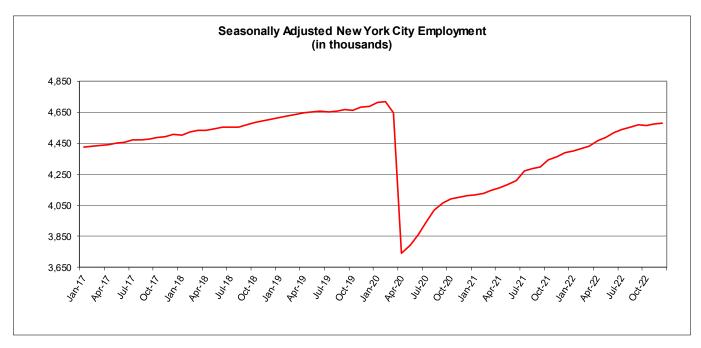
BUDGETWATCH Regional Economy Report





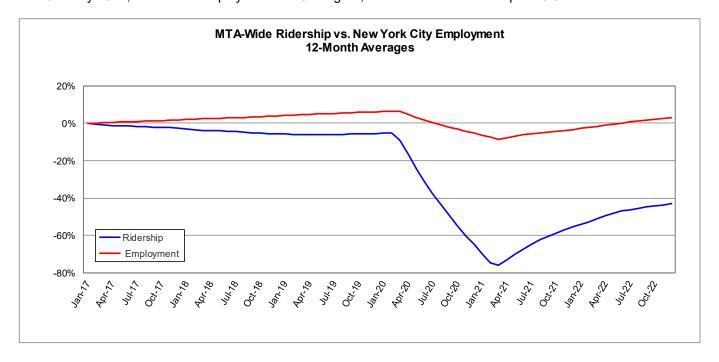
Regional Economy Report

In December 2022, seasonally adjusted New York City employment of 4.582 million was higher than in December 2021 by 190,100 jobs (4.33%), although it remains 105,700 jobs (2.3%) below the pre-pandemic December 2019 level. December seasonally adjusted employment was 6,600 jobs above last month, a 0.1% increase, and has increased in thirty-one of the thirty-two months since employment bottomed in April 2020; the only decline over this span occurred in October 2022, when it declined 0.04%, a reduction of 1,900 jobs.



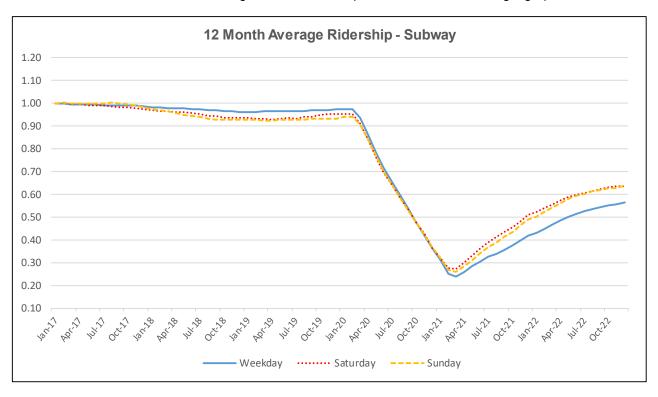
Ridership and Employment

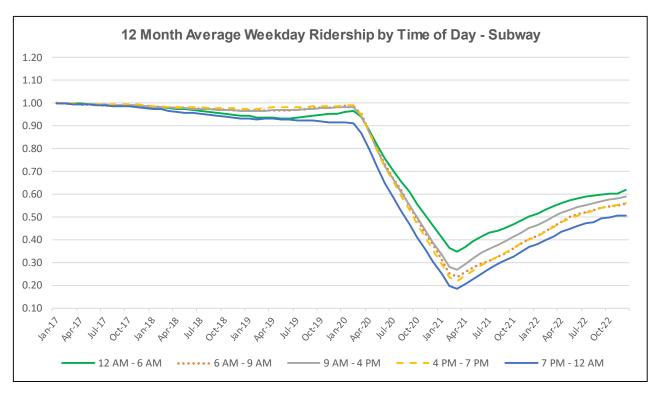
From January 2011 through February 2020, the twelve-month employment average increased 24.1%, while the 12-month MTA-wide ridership average fell 0.7%. The COVID pandemic has altered these trajectories: compared with January 2017, December employment is 2.9% higher, while MTA-wide ridership is 43.0% lower.

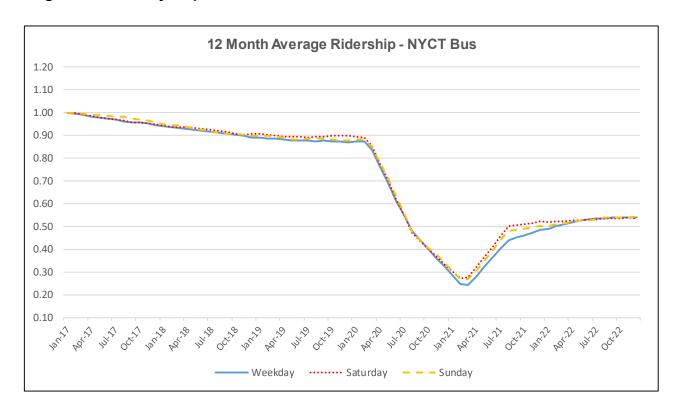


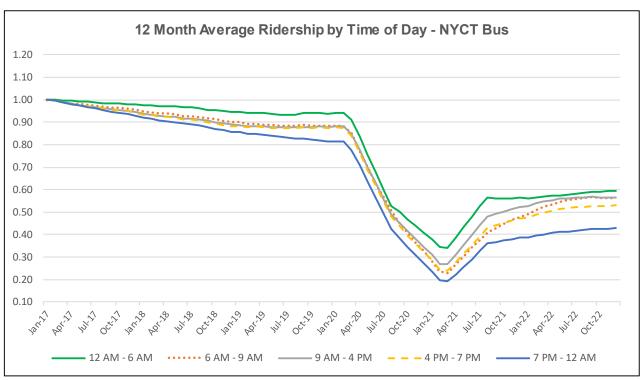
Regional Economy Report

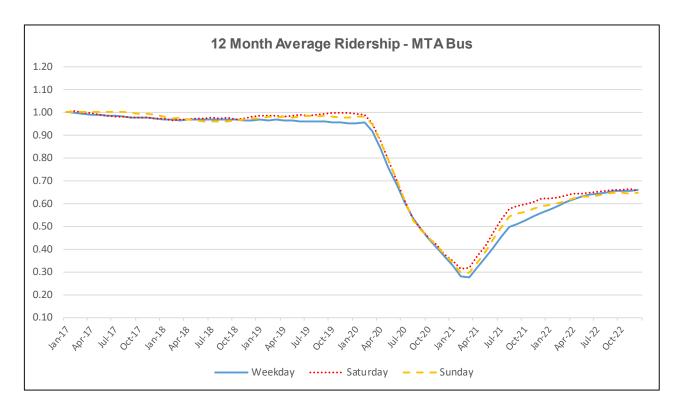
The following ridership and vehicular traffic trend graphs depict 12-month averages; for example, the January 2017 data point is the average of February 2016 to January 2017, and the February 2017 data point is the average of March 2016 to February 2017, providing a visual representation of trends over time. Further, data have been standardized to 1.0, allowing for an easier comparison of trends on a single graph.

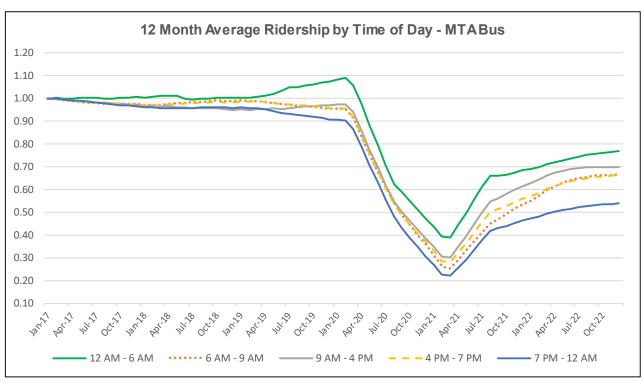


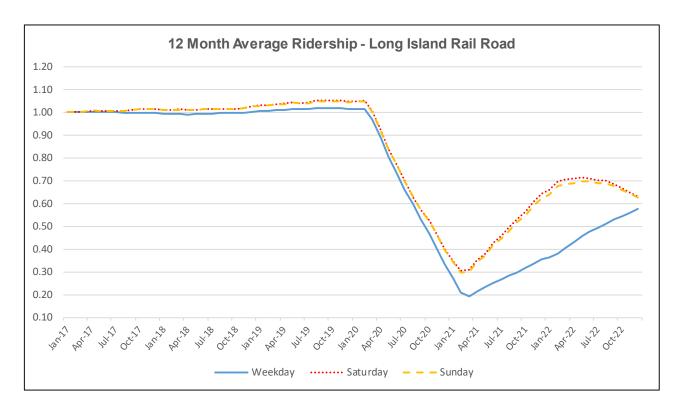


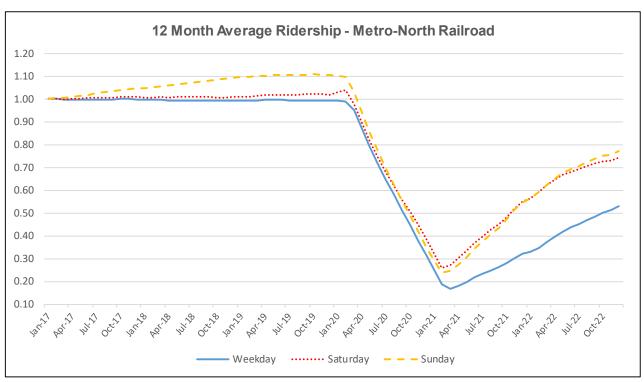


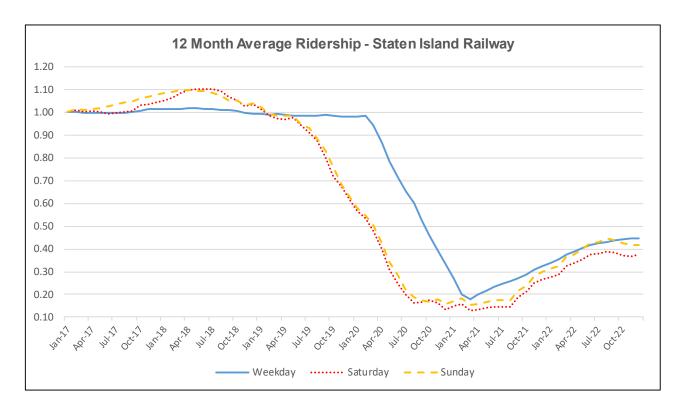


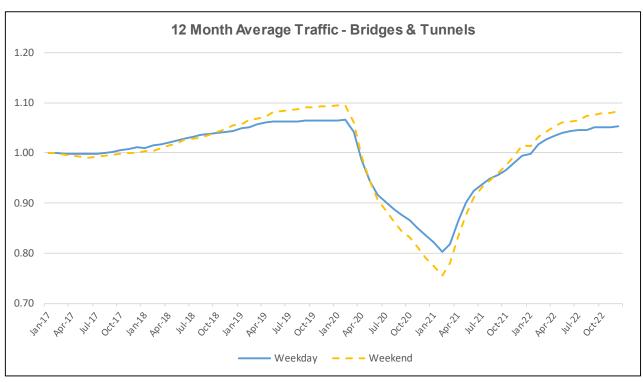












Regional Economy Report

Consumer Price Index

Month-over-Month Changes:

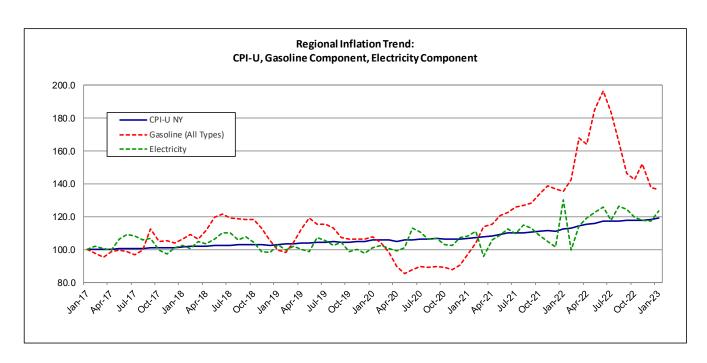
Increases

- · Electric
- · Food

Decreases

- · Apparel · Gasoline
- · Medical Care
- · Transportation

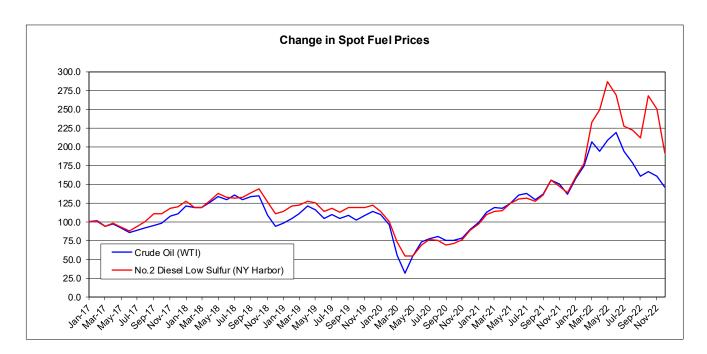
					Jan-23	versus	
				Dec	-22	Jan-	.22
	Jan-23	Dec-22	Jan-22	Net	Pct	Net	Pct
Regional CPI-U	318.15	315.66	300.16	2.50	0.8%	17.99	6.0%
Medical Care Component	572.08	574.13	552.11	(2.05)	-0.4%	19.98	3.6%
Electricity Component	215.64	205.29	227.37	10.35	5.0%	(11.72)	-5.2%
Gasoline (all grades) Component	271.29	274.27	270.02	(2.98)	-1.1%	1.27	0.5%
National CPI-U	299.17	296.80	281.15	2.37	0.8%	18.02	6.4%



Regional Economy Report

Fuel Prices

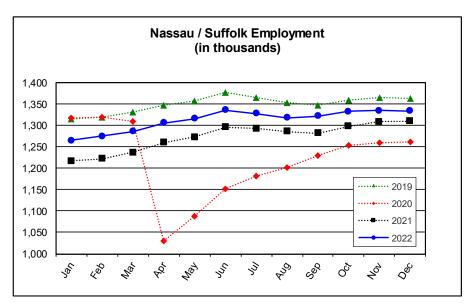
Fuel - Spot Prices	Latest Price:				Jan-23	versus
NY Harbor, except Crude Oil (WTI)	2/6/23	Jan-23	Dec-22	Jan-22	Dec-22	Jan-22
Crude Oil (\$/bbl)	74.11	78.12	76.44	83.22	2.2%	-6.1%
Conventional Regular Gasoline (\$/gal)	2.52	2.59	2.37	2.45	9.6%	5.9%
Low Sulfur No.2 Diesel Fuel (\$/gal)	2.80	3.27	3.12	2.62	4.8%	24.9%
No.2 Heating Oil (\$/gal)	2.62	3.09	2.94	2.48	5.0%	24.3%

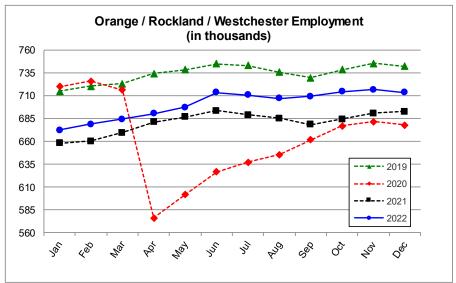


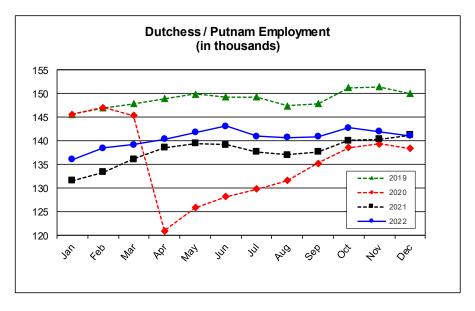
Nassau, Suffolk Employment (in t	housands)				Dec-22	versus	
	Prelim	Revised		No	v-22	De	c-21
	Dec-22	Nov-22	Dec-21	Net	Percent	Net	Percent
Total Employment	1,334.1	1,335.1	1,310.0	(1.0)	-0.1%	24.1	1.8%
Goods Producing	147.7	149.7	147.3	(2.0)	-1.3%	0.4	0.3%
Construction, Mining, Nat Res	79.6	81.3	78.9	(1.7)	-2.1%	0.7	0.9%
Manufacturing	68.1	68.4	68.4	(0.3)	-0.4%	(0.3)	-0.4%
Service Providing	1,186.4	1,185.4	1,162.7	1.0	0.1%	23.7	2.0%
Transportation, Utilities	49.1	47.6	48.0	1.5	3.2%	1.1	2.3%
Trade	213.7	211.5	214.6	2.2	1.0%	(0.9)	-0.4%
Information	14.1	14.3	14.3	(0.2)	-1.4%	(0.2)	-1.4%
Financial Activities	67.4	67.9	70.9	(0.5)	-0.7%	(3.5)	-4.9%
Professional & Business Svcs	176.2	177.0	172.2	(0.8)	-0.5%	4.0	2.3%
Education & Health Svcs	271.8	273.4	269.0	(1.6)	-0.6%	2.8	1.0%
Leisure & Hospitality	128.3	129.8	119.3	(1.5)	-1.2%	9.0	7.5%
Other Services	56.9	56.3	54.4	0.6	1.1%	2.5	4.6%
Government	208.9	207.6	200.0	1.3	0.6%	8.9	4.5%

Orange, Rockland, Westchester I	Employment (in th	nousands)			Dec-22	versus	
	Prelim	Revised		No	v-22	De	c-21
	Dec-22	Nov-22	Dec-21	Net	Percent	Net	Percent
Total Employment	713.2	716.4	692.5	(3.2)	-0.4%	20.7	3.0%
Goods Producing	74.8	76.0	72.0	(1.2)	-1.6%	2.8	3.9%
Construction, Mining, Nat Res	46.3	47.4	43.1	(1.1)	-2.3%	3.2	7.4%
Manufacturing	28.5	28.6	28.9	(0.1)	-0.3%	(0.4)	-1.4%
Service Providing	638.4	640.4	620.5	(2.0)	-0.3%	17.9	2.9%
Transportation, Utilities	28.2	28.0	26.6	0.2	0.7%	1.6	6.0%
Trade	108.9	107.5	111.3	1.4	1.3%	(2.4)	-2.2%
Information	11.0	11.1	11.3	(0.1)	-0.9%	(0.3)	-2.7%
Financial Activities	35.5	35.4	36.3	0.1	0.3%	(0.8)	-2.2%
Professional & Business Svcs	98.4	100.1	94.9	(1.7)	-1.7%	3.5	3.7%
Education & Health Svcs	163.3	162.9	154.4	0.4	0.2%	8.9	5.8%
Leisure & Hospitality	60.3	61.1	55.0	(0.8)	-1.3%	5.3	9.6%
Other Services	32.0	32.1	29.9	(0.1)	-0.3%	2.1	7.0%
Government	100.8	102.2	100.8	(1.4)	-1.4%	0.0	0.0%

Dutchess, Putnam Employment (in	n thousands)				Dec-22	versus	
	Prelim	Revised		No	v-22	De	c-21
	De c-22	Nov-22	Dec-21	Net	Percent	Net	Percent
Total Employment	141.1	142.0	141.3	(0.9)	-0.6%	(0.2)	-0.1%
Goods Producing	16.7	16.7	16.5	0.0	0.0%	0.2	1.2%
Construction, Mining, Nat Res	8.4	8.4	8.1	0.0	0.0%	0.3	3.7%
Manufacturing	8.3	8.3	8.4	0.0	0.0%	(0.1)	-1.2%
Service Providing	124.4	125.3	124.8	(0.9)	-0.7%	(0.4)	-0.3%
Transportation, Utilities	4.3	4.4	4.7	(0.1)	-2.3%	(0.4)	-8.5%
Trade	19.6	19.6	19.8	0.0	0.0%	(0.2)	-1.0%
Information	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0%
Financial Activities	5.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0%
Professional & Business Svcs	13.2	13.4	13.3	(0.2)	-1.5%	(0.1)	-0.8%
Education & Health Svcs	36.5	36.6	35.7	(0.1)	-0.3%	0.8	2.2%
Leisure & Hospitality	13.2	13.5	13.6	(0.3)	-2.2%	(0.4)	-2.9%
Other Services	6.4	6.4	6.2	0.0	0.0%	0.2	3.2%
Government	24.6	24.8	24.9	(0.2)	-0.8%	(0.3)	-1.2%









Metropolitan Transportation Authority Long Island Rail Road **New York City Transit** Metro-North Railroad **Bridges and Tunnels Bus Company** State of New York

Report on Revenue Passengers and Vehicles Ridership Data Through December, 2022

Comparison with 2019

NOTE: Ridership data are preliminary and subject to revision as well as adjustments warranted by annual audit review.

MTA Division of Management & Budget Prepared by:

Wednesday, February 1, 2023

Revenue Passengers in December

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022 v 2021	2022 v 2019
MTA New York City Transit	183,058,046	65,247,880	106,152,436	119,672,981	12.74%	-34.63%
MTA New York City Subway	139,837,187	43,658,492	78,633,267	92,148,577	17.19%	-34.10%
MTA New York City Bus	43,220,859	21,589,388	27,519,169	27,524,404	0.02%	-36.32%
MTA Staten Island Railway	336,326	78,744	164,787	174,579	5.94%	-48.09%
MTA Long Island Rail Road	7,667,200	1,860,130	3,668,045	4,741,100	29.25%	-38.16%
MTA Metro-North Railroad	7,262,961	1,468,620	3,247,340	4,614,889	42.11%	-36.46%
East of Hudson	7,130,980	1,434,801	3,186,759	4,526,614	42.04%	-36.52%
Harlem Line	2,290,563	493,511	1,024,878	1,407,252	37.31%	-38.56%
Hudson Line	1,430,933	300,724	649,113	905,574	39.51%	-36.71%
New Haven Line	3,409,484	640,566	1,512,769	2,213,788	46.34%	-35.07%
West of Hudson	131,981	33,819	60,581	88,275	45.71%	-33.12%
Port Jervis Line	76,628	21,976	40,571	51,884	27.88%	-32.29%
Pascack Valley Line	55,353	11,843	20,010	36,391	81.86%	-34.26%
MTA Bus Company	9,386,745	4,717,722	6,655,299	6,802,786	2.22%	-27.53%
MTA Bridges & Tunnels	26,955,736	21,579,179	26,015,011	27,056,085	4.00%	0.37%
Total All Agencies (Excludes Bridges & Tunnels)	207,711,277	73,373,096	119,887,907	136,006,335	13.44%	-34.52%
Weekdays: Holidays: Weekend Days: Days	21 1 9	22 1 8 31	23 0 8 31	22 0 9 31		

Revenue Passengers Year-to-Date Through December

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022 v 2021	2022 v 2019
MTA New York City Transit	2,254,704,411	848,388,077	1,071,870,311	1,356,492,806	26.55%	-39.84%
MTA New York City Bus	556,977,082	208,847,048	311,893,590	343,078,647	10.00%	-40.31%
MTA Staten Island Railway	4,300,489	1,425,632	1,467,733	2,009,148	36.89%	-53.28%
MTA Long Island Rail Road	91,105,137	30,310,190	35,020,766	52,521,657	49.97%	-42.35%
MTA Metro-North Railroad	86,620,370	27,181,570	30,722,008	48,853,278	59.02%	-43.60%
East of Hudson	84,980,376	26,576,541	30,102,080	47,959,449	59.32%	-43.56%
Harlem Line	27,367,056	8,811,967	9,556,349	14,991,709	26.88%	-45.22%
Hudson Line	17,378,808	5,578,317	6,385,136	10,013,812	56.83%	-42.38%
New Haven Line	40,234,512	12,186,257	14,160,595	22,953,928	62.10%	-42.95%
West of Hudson	1,639,994	602,029	619,928	893,829	44.18%	-45.50%
Port Jervis Line	965,845	371,109	393,557	530,077	34.69%	-45.12%
Pascack Valley Line	674,149	233,920	226,371	363,752	%69.09	-46.04%
MTA Bus Company	120,431,976	45,920,799	71,431,466	82,601,099	15.64%	-31.41%
MTA Bridges & Tunnels	329,395,533	253,184,047	307,302,128	326,303,819	6.18%	-0.94%
Total All Agencies (Excludes Bridges & Tunnels)	2,557,162,382	953,226,269	1,210,512,285	1,542,477,988	27.42%	-39.68%
Weekdays:	251	253	253	252		
Holidays:	10	o ;	∞ ;	ω ι		
Weekend Days:	104	104	104	105		
Days	365	366	365	365		

12 Month Average Revenue Passengers in December

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022 v 2021	2022 v 2019
MTA New York City Transit	187,892,034	70,699,006	89,322,526	113,041,067	26.55%	-39.84%
MTA New York City Subway	141,477,277	53,295,086	63,331,393	84,451,180	33.35%	-40.31%
MTA New York City Bus	46,414,757	17,403,921	25,991,133	28,589,887	10.00%	-38.40%
MTA Staten Island Railway	358,374	118,803	122,311	167,429	36.89%	-53.28%
MTA Long Island Rail Road	7,592,095	2,525,849	2,918,397	4,376,805	49.97%	-42.35%
MTA Metro-North Railroad	7,218,364	2,265,131	2,560,167	4,071,107	59.02%	-43.60%
East of Hudson	7,081,698	2,214,712	2,508,507	3,996,621	59.32%	-43.56%
Harlem Line	2,280,588	734,331	796,362	1,249,309	26.88%	-45.22%
Hudson Line	1,448,234	464,860	532,095	834,484	56.83%	-42.38%
New Haven Line	3,352,876	1,015,521	1,180,050	1,912,827	62.10%	-42.95%
West of Hudson	136,666	50,419	51,661	74,486	44.18%	-45.50%
Port Jervis Line	80,487	30,926	32,796	44,173	34.69%	-45.12%
Pascack Valley Line	56,179	19,493	18,864	30,313	%69.09	-46.04%
MTA Bus Company	10,035,998	3,826,733	5,952,622	6,883,425	15.64%	-31.41%
MTA Bridges & Tunnels	27,449,628	21,098,671	25,608,511	27,191,985	6.18%	-0.94%
Total All Agencies (Excludes Bridges & Tunnels)	213,096,865	79,435,522	100,876,024	128,539,832	27.42%	-39.68%
Weekdays: Holidays: Weekend Days: Days	21 6 1 3 9 9 1	31 8 4 22	23 0 31 31	22 0 9 31		