MTA's approved December budget included a package of MTA actions to significantly reduce recurring structural operating deficits.

Despite these actions, the operating budget was short \$600M to \$1.6B a year.



New revenues dedicated to MTA in the State Budget fully address MTA's remaining deficits

\$1,100 million annually	Increase the top rate of the Payroll Mobility Tax (PMT) for the largest businesses in New York City (from 0.34% to 0.60%)
\$165 million annually	Increase New York City's share of funding for paratransit services to 80% ¹
\$300 million one-time	Provide State General Fund aid to MTA
Expected to start in 2026, \$500 - \$700 million per year	100% of three downstate casino license fees (\$500 mm each) and 40- 50% of gaming tax revenue (depending on location)

The Budget also includes \$150 M a year to offset additional service-related costs

(\$65) million annually Reduce the proposed fare increase from 5.5 percent to 4 percent
(\$35) million annually Add subway service on weekday middays, weekends and weeknights
(\$35) million annually Safety and fare enforcement investments
(\$15) million annually Pilot program providing five fare-free bus routes in New York City

New State and City funding, MTA operating savings, and a reasonable fare and toll change, provide a balanced solution to fully address MTA's fiscal cliff

\$ millions	2023	2024	2025	2026
MTA Deficits in Approved Budget (reduced by efficiencies, etc.)		(1,188)	(1,242)	(1,623)
Additional Service-Related Costs in State Budget Agreement		(150)	(150)	(150)
Adjusted Deficit to be Funded		(1,338)	(1,392)	(1,773)
New Government Funding				
PMT Increase to 0.60% in New York City	460	1,100	1,135	1,170
Increase NYC funding for Paratransit	80	165	165	165
Spend-down of one-time direct State subsidy	135	73	92	0
Revenue from casino licenses and taxes	0	0	0	500
Total New Government Funding	675	1,338	1,392	1,835
MTA Revised (Deficit)/Surplus	0	0	0	62